## **Supporting Information Available.**

**Preparation of 5aR**: The following reaction was carried out under Ar. To a cold (–78 °C) solution of CuBr·Me<sub>2</sub>S (251 mg, 1.22 mmol) in THF-Me<sub>2</sub>S (2:1) (3 mL) was added vinylmagnesium bromide (1.04 M solution in THF, 2.30 mL, 2.39 mmol). The solution was stirred for 1h at -78 °C, and a solution of **2a** (101 mg, 0.24 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was The solution was stirred for 10 min at -78 °C and guenched with saturated added. aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. After stirring for 10 min, the solution was diluted with EtOAc (30 mL) and washed with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (5 mL × 5). The organic layer was dried and The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel concentrated. (EtOAc/hexane, 1:16) to give 96 mg (90%, d.r. = >99:1) of **5aR** as a colorless oil: TLC, Rf 0.69 (EtOAc/hexane=1:2);  $[\alpha]^{25.5}D + 8.0^{\circ}$  (c 1.15, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat) 2940, 1740, 1640, 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz)  $\delta$  1.01 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 2.24 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 2.13 (dd, J = 7.3, 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.25 (dd, J = 7.0, 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.56-2.68 (m, 1H), 3.38 (s, 3H),3.57 (dd, J = 3.7, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69-3.79 (m, 1H), 3.87 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (d, J = 3.7Hz, 1H), 4.62, 4.66 (2d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H  $\times$  2), 4.77 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H), 4.86-5.02 (m, 3H), 5.73 (ddd, J = 6.7, 10.4, 17.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.31 (m, 10H),  $^{13}$ C NMR (75 MHz) δ17.45, 19.64, 33.87, 47.11, 55.25, 65.32, 73.40, 74.98, 75.14, 78.97, 79.90, 98.06, 113.44, 127.45, 127.63  $\times$ 2, 127.93, 128.13  $\times$ 2, 128.26  $\times$ 2, 128.44  $\times$ 2, 137.98, 138.65, 142.27, 171.34; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>6</sub>: C, 71.34; H, 7.54. Found: C, 71.32; H, 7.55.

Hydrolysis of 5aR: A solution of 5aR (81 mg, 0.18 mmol) in MeOH-4M aq. KOH (1:1) (2 mL) was refluxed for 6 h. After completion of the reaction (as assessed by TLC

monitoring), the colution was ecoled to reem temperature and diluted with water (E.ml.)

The entire solution was extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (5 mL  $\times$  5), and the combined extracts were dried and concentrated to give 60 mg (94%) of **13**. The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted to pH 2 by adding 1M aq. HCl, this was then extracted with CHCl<sub>3</sub> (5 mL  $\times$  5). The combined extracts were dried and concentrated to give 19.5 mg (96%) of **12** as a colorless oil: TLC, Rf 0.25 (EtOAc/hexane=1:1); [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>30.0</sup>D -17.4° (c 0.58, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); lit. [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>24</sup>D -17.42° (c 2.06, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (neat) 3400-2800 (br), 2680, 1710, 1600, 1580 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz)  $\delta$  1.09 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 2.31 (dd, J = 7.6, 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (dd, J = 7.1, 15.1 Hz, 1H), 2.62-2.76 (m, 1 H), 4.97-5.09 (m, 2H), 5.79 (ddd, J = 6.8, 10.3, 17.1 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz)  $\delta$  19.04, 34.07, 41.01, 113.57, 142.09, 178.86.

## **ORTEP Drawing of 4bR.**

